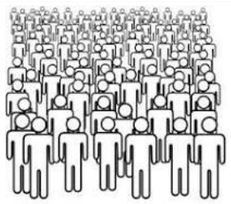
Year 2: Nottingham is a city – Geography Knowledge Organiser

Enquiry Journey:

1) Where is Nottingham?		2) What are the physical features of Nottingham?		3) What are the Human features of Nottingham?		4) Where are the human features of Nottingham?		5) How has Nottingham been improved?	
Nottingham is on the continent of Europe		Nottingham is a city built on low hills		Nottingham has a large shopping centre because it is a city		The compass needle will always point to the North		The tram links parts of the north, south and west of the city with the city centre	
Nottingham is part of an island called the United Kingdom		Another physical feature of Nottingham is the River Trent		There is a large train station because it is a city		A compass can show you where north, south, east and west are		Trams reduce cars and pollution and help workers and shoppers get to the city	
Nottingham is in the country of England		There are many **advantages** to living near the River Trent eg fishing, wildlife and water sports		Nottingham has two large **football stadiums** because it is a city		**N**ever **E**at **S**illy **W**orms **N**aughty **E**lephants **S**quirt **W**ater		In 2020 the Broadmarsh shopping centre closed	
Nottingham is in the region called the East Midlands		There are some **disadvantages** to living near the River Trent eg flooding houses and farmland and pollution		Nottingham has more human features than Arnold because **Nottingham** is a **city** and **Arnold** is a **town**		**Market Square** is the centre of Nottingham		**The Greenheart Park** will create a home to plants and wildlife	
Geographical Lens: Space and scale 		**Geographical Lens:** Physical 		**Geographical Lens:** Human 		**Geographical Lens:** Human 		**Geographical Lens:** Change and sustainability 	
Key Vocabulary: **Country – A place in the world with its own name, borders and people eg England is a country** **Contient – One of the seven large areas of land in the world eg Europe is a contient** **County – An area of a country that is made up of towns and villages eg Nottinghamshire is a county** **Region – an aea within a country. For example, the East Midlands is a region of England**		**Key Vocabulary:** **Hill – An area of land that is higher than the land around it, but not as high as a mountain** **River – A long stream of water that flows across the land** **Valley – A low area of land between hills or mountains. It is often were a river flows** **Physical geography – The natural world around us. Hills weather, lakes, forests and cliffs are all examples of physical geography**		**Key Vocabulary:** **Train station – A place where trains stop to pick up and drop off passengers** **City centre – The middle part of a city where you can find shops, building and places to visit** **Council house – A building where people who work for the local council help look after the town or city** **Caves – Natural spaces or holes inside rocks or underground.**		**Key Vocabulary:** **Compass – A toold that helps us find which direction we are going** **Direction – The way something or someone is facing or moving** **Points – The marks on a compas that show different directions** **North, south, east, west – The four main directions on a compass**		**Key Vocabulary:** **Human features – Things that people have made or built** **Tram – A type of train that travels along tracks in a town or city** **Shopping centre – a large building or group of buildings with lots of different shops inside** **Improve – To be made better**	

Enquiry Journey:

6) How does Nottingham compare to Arnold?

Nottingham has a **shopping centre** and Arnold has a **high street**	
Nottingham has **trains, trams and buses** and Arnold has **buses**	
Nottingham has a population of **326,000** and Arnold has a population of **40,000**	
Nottingham has its **own governing council** and Arnold is part of **Nottingham County council**	

Geographical Lens:
Human



Key Vocabulary:

Population – How many people live in a particular place

Compare – To look at two or more things to find out what is the same and what is different

University – A place where people go to learn after school or college

Council – A group of people who look after a town or city and make decisions for the people who live there