Living things and their habitats

	vocabulary	definition
	habitat	The natural home of a living thing.
	environment	All the physical surroundings on Earth, including living and non-living things.
	classification	Grouping living things by looking at similarities and differences.
	vertebrate	An animal which has a backbone
	invertebrate	An animal which does not have a backbone
	mammal	A warm blooded, vertebrate with hair or fur, which feeds milk to their young.
400	fish	A cold-blooded vertebrate with gills and fins which lives in water.
	bird	A warm blooded vertebrate which has feathers, wings, a beak and lays eggs.
	amphibian	A cold blooded vertebrate which has gills and lives in water but can also go on land.
	reptile	Mostly cold blooded, covered in scales or have a bony exterior like a shell. Nearly all reptiles lay eggs.

Habitats are the natural home of a living thing and they provide food, shelter and a safe place to raise their young.

Micro-habitats are small, specific home environments e.g. individual trees, a pond or under a rock.

Arctic



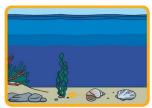
Forest



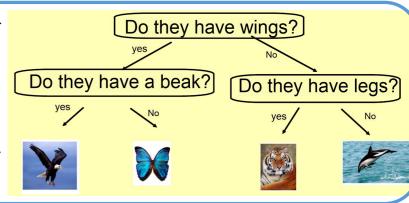
Desert



Ocean



A classification key is a set of questions about the characteristics of living things. You can use a key to identify a living thing or decide which group it belongs to by answering the questions.



Changes in the environment affect living things.

Some changes are natural, such as earthquakes and weather erosion.

Some changes are made by humans, such as pollution and deforestation.

Many of the man made changes are harmful to the living things and their habitats.





