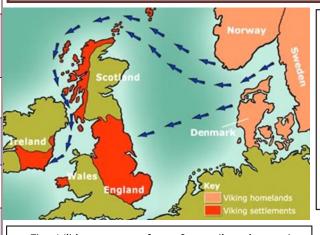
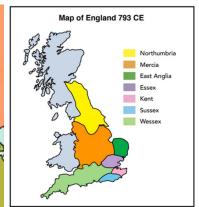
Year 4 History: Were The Vikings just invaders?

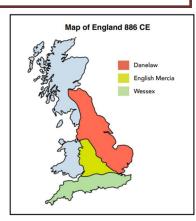
8000BC	3100BC-30BC	31BC	0	410AD-1066AD	1666	1837	1939 – 1945	2023
Stone Age	Ancient Egypt	Romans	Christ was	Anglo Sax- ons/Vikings	Great Fire of London	Victorians	World War 2	Present day

Word	Definition	
Artefact	An item, made by humans, which comes from a previous period in history.	
Excavation	When archaeologists dig in the ground to find old objects or buildings which can help them to learn about the past.	
Hoard	A collection of valuables or treasures that have been found together.	
Scandinavia	An area in Northern Europe which was Norway, Denmark, and Sweden.	
Trade	The action of buying and selling goods and services	
Danelaw	The part of England under the control of the Vikings	
Valhalla	A heavenly hall hosted by Odin. Vikings believed that heroes who die in battle will go and feast with the gods.	
Raid	A fast and surprise attack	
Invade	To forcefully take control of an area	
Settlers	People who move with others to live in a new country or area.	
Anglo-Saxon Chronicles	An historical record (written by monks) of important events which took place in Britain d during that time period.	
Unification	When England became one country instead of 7 kingdoms.	
Hierarchy	Viking society had a king at the top, then Jarls, Karls and Thralls below them.	

The Viking period started in **790** and ended in **1066**. It crosses over with the Anglo Saxon period.







The Vikings came from Scandinavia and were known as Danes and Norse people. They settled in Britain because of the fertile land, space, treasure and trading.

The Great Heathen Army invaded in 865, conquering 6 of the 7 Anglo-Saxon kingdoms.

The North and East of England came under Viking rule (Danelaw)



Alfred the Great made peace with the Viking King, Guthrum.

The Vikings travelled and traded all around the world using boats called longships. Vikings build longhouses where they lived with their family and animals.